Policy Title: Health Home Monitoring: Reportable Incidents Policies and

Procedures

Policy number: HH0005 Effective date: July 14, 2017

Revised:

Supersedes: Health Home Monitoring: Reportable Incidents Policies and

Procedures and Reporting Timeframes Policy #HH0001 (4/15/17)

Purpose

The New York State Department of Health (the Department) is responsible for the oversight of Health Homes (HH), a care management service model which ensures all the professionals involved in a member's care communicate with one another so that the member's medical, behavioral health (mental health and/or substance use disorders) and social service needs are addressed in a comprehensive manner. Oversight and care coordination will reduce unnecessary emergency department visits, inpatient stays, improve medical and behavioral health outcomes, and the overall well-being of HH members.

Policy

The Department will require that Health Homes have policies in place to handle any reportable incidents in compliance with the Health Home Standards outlined in the State Plan Amendment. A *reportable incident* is an event involving a member, which has, or may have, an adverse effect on the life, health, or welfare of the member. A list of reportable incidents can be found below. The Department will work with the Health Home to ensure the HH establishes policies and procedures to:

- · Identify, document, report and review individual incidents on a timely basis;
- Evaluate individual incidents against HH and Care Management Agencies (CMA) policies and procedures to confirm quality care coordination activities were provided;
- Review individual incidents to identify appropriate preventive or corrective action:
- Identify incident patterns and trends through the compilation and analysis of incident data:
- Review incident patterns and trends to identify appropriate preventive or corrective action; and
- Implement preventive and corrective action plans.

Health Homes must have a quality assurance process in place to ensure that CMA's comply with their policies and procedures.

If a HH member is also receiving services in a program under the jurisdiction of another State agency (e.g., Office of Mental Health (OMH); Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services (OASAS); Office for People with Developmental Disabilities (OPWDD);

or Office of Children and Family Services (OCFS)) which has stated incident, abuse, neglect, or maltreatment reporting requirements, this policy does not relieve the obligation to report in accordance with such regulations. Such reporting is not the responsibility of the HH, although the organization should cooperate as necessary.

For HH members receiving court-ordered assisted outpatient treatment (AOT), Health Homes shall ensure CMAs comply with the requirements of AOT Health Home Plus (HH+), which states the CMA shall comply with all reporting requirements of the AOT Program as established by the Local Government Unit (LGU). Such requirements include the reporting of significant events. Though the LGU may have primary responsibility to investigate significant events involving an AOT individual, the HH shall cooperate as necessary.

The Protection of People with Special Needs Act requires persons who are Mandated Reporters under that Act to report abuse, neglect and significant incidents involving vulnerable persons to the Vulnerable Persons' Central Register (VPCR) operated by the NYS Justice Center for the Protection of People with Special Needs. For additional information and requirements, please see https://www.nysmandatedreporter.org/NYSJusticeCenter.aspx

Care Management Agency Reporting Responsibilities

Health Home policies and procedures must mandate that the CMA inform the HH of a reportable incident within 24 hours of notification or discovery (or where applicable, by the next business day), including the known facts and circumstances of the incident, the member's enrollment date, last contact date and type, and current location, if known.

The following is a list of reportable incidents. Please see page 5 for definitions of each of these incident types.

- 1. Allegation of abuse, including
 - Physical abuse
 - Psychological abuse
 - Sexual abuse/sexual contact
 - Neglect
 - Misappropriation of member funds
- 2. Suicide attempt
- 3. Death
- 4. Crime Level 1
- 5. Missing person
- 6. Violation of Protected Health Information (PHI)

Health Home Reporting Responsibilities

The HH must inform the Department within 24 hours of notification from the CMA (or where applicable, by the next business day), any reportable incident listed above, along with initial findings.

At a minimum, the HH must immediately review the facts and circumstances of the current incident with the CMA, along with all pertinent information and incident reports. The HH will provide oversight and direction to the CMA to ensure member safety and well-being as well as program integrity, overall programmatic expectations, and compliance with Health Home Standards.

The Department will review the incident reported by the HH and make recommendations, if necessary, to ensure that the Health Home's reportable incident policy is appropriate and in compliance with established HH Standards.

The Department will require HHs to submit, on a quarterly basis, the total number of reports in each of the categories noted on the Health Home Reportable Incident Form, due by the 10th business day after the end of the quarter:

- January March, due April;
- April June, due July;
- July September, due October; and
- October December, due January

This form can be found on the Health Home website.

Resource List

NYS Justice Center/Vulnerable	855-373-2122	https://www.justicecenter.ny.gov/
Persons Central Registry		
NYS Adult Home Hotline	866-893-6772	https://www.health.ny.gov/contact/doh800.htm
NYS Nursing Home Complaint	888-201-4563	https://apps.health.ny.gov/nursing_homes/compl
Hotline		aint_form/complain.action
The Statewide Central Register of	800-342-3720	http://ocfs.ny.gov/main/cps/
Child Abuse and Maltreatment		

Definitions

Abuse: Any of the following acts by an individual service provider:

- (1) **Physical Abuse:** any non-accidental physical contact with a member which causes or has the potential to cause physical harm. Examples include, but are not limited to, hitting, kicking, biting, choking, smothering, shoving, dragging, throwing, punching, shaking, burning, cutting, or the use of corporal punishment.
- (2) **Psychological Abuse:** includes any verbal or nonverbal conduct that is intended to cause a member emotional distress. Examples include, but are not limited to, teasing, taunting, name calling, threats, display of a weapon or other object that could reasonably be perceived by the patient as a means of infliction of pain or injury, insulting or coarse language or gestures directed toward a patient which subjects the patient to humiliation or degradation; violation of patient rights or misuse of authority.
- (3) **Sexual Abuse/Sexual Contact:** includes any sexual contact involving a service provider (e.g., HH staff, CMA staff, other provider) and a member. Examples include, but are not limited to, rape, sexual assault, inappropriate touching and fondling, indecent exposure, penetration (or attempted penetration) of vagina, anus or mouth by penis, fingers, or other objects. For purposes of this Part, sexual abuse shall also include sexual activity involving a member and a service provider; or any sexual activity involving a member that is encouraged by a service provider, including but not limited to, sending sexually explicit materials through electronic means (including mobile phones, electronic mail, etc.), voyeurism, or sexual exploitation.
- (4) **Neglect:** any action, inaction or lack of attention that breaches a service provider's duty and that results in or is likely to result in physical injury or serious or protracted impairment of the physical, mental or emotional condition of a member.
- (5) **Misappropriation of Member Funds:** use, appropriation, or misappropriation by a service provider of a member's resources, including but not limited to funds, assets, or property, by deception, intimidation, or similar means, with the intent to deprive the patient of those resources. Examples include the deliberate misplacement, theft, or wrongful, temporary, or permanent use of a member's belongings or money.

Crime Level 1: An arrest of a member for a crime committed against persons (i.e. murder, rape, assault) or crimes against property (i.e. arson, robbery, burglary) **AND** is perceived to be a significant danger to the community or poses a significant concern to the community.

Death: The death of a member resulting from an apparent homicide, suicide, or unexplained or accidental cause; the death of a member which is unrelated to the natural course of illness or disease.

Missing Person: When a member 18 or older is considered missing **AND** the disappearance is possibly not voluntary or a Law Enforcement Agency has issued a Missing Person Entry, OR when a child's (under the age of 18) whereabouts are unknown to the child's parent, guardian or legally authorized representative.

Suicide Attempt: An act committed by a member in an effort to cause his or her own death.

Violation of Protected Health Information: Any violation of a client's rights to confidentiality pursuant to State and Federal laws including, but not limited to, 42 CFR Part 2 or the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and Article 27F. The CMA has a responsibility to review to determine whether the incident is a breach of security vs. a breach of privacy.

