

CORRECTION ALERT: LDSS-4148B

The following is the correct answer to the second question on page 12 of your booklet entitled “What You Should Know About Social Services Programs”.

Q. Can I get Medical Assistance if I am not a citizen of the United States?

A. If you are pregnant, you do not have to tell us about your citizenship or alien status. Otherwise, if you are not a citizen of the United States, you must document that you are an alien in one of the immigration categories below in order to be eligible for Medical Assistance:

1. an alien admitted to the United States as a refugee under Section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act; or
2. an alien granted asylum under Section 208 of the Immigration and Nationality Act; or
3. an alien whose deportation has been withheld under Sections 241 (b) (3) or 243 (h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; or
4. an alien admitted to the United States as a Cuban and Haitian entrant; or
5. an alien admitted as an Amerasian immigrant; or
6. an alien who has been admitted as a lawful permanent resident; or
7. an alien who has been paroled into the United States under Section 212 (d) (5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, for a period of at least one year; or
8. an alien who has been granted conditional entry under Section 203 (a) (7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; or
9. an alien who has been battered or subject to extreme cruelty in the United States by a family member and who meets certain other requirements; or
10. an alien not listed above who is considered to be permanently residing in the United States Under Color of Law (PRUCOL), including:
 - a. an alien paroled into the United States for less than one year;
 - b. an alien residing in the United States pursuant to an Order of Supervision;
 - c. an alien residing in the United States pursuant to an indefinite stay of deportation;
 - d. an alien residing in the United States pursuant to an indefinite voluntary departure;
 - e. an alien on whose behalf an immediate relative petition has been approved and their families covered by the petition;
 - f. an alien who has filed an application for adjustment of status that INS has accepted as “properly filed” or has granted;
 - g. an alien granted stays of deportation;
 - h. an alien granted voluntary departure;
 - i. an alien granted deferred action status;
 - j. an alien who has entered and continuously resided in the United States before January 1, 1972;
 - k. an alien granted suspension of deportation; or
 - l. an alien living in the United States with the knowledge and permission or acquiescence of the INS and whose departure the INS does not contemplate enforcing. (Examples include, but are not limited to: permanent non-immigrants, pursuant to P.L.99-239, applicants for deferred action or voluntary departure status, and aliens granted extended voluntary departure for a specified time due to conditions in their home countries.)