



Department of Health

ANDREW M. CUOMO
Governor

HOWARD A. ZUCKER, M.D., J.D.
Commissioner

SALLY DRESLIN, M.S., R.N.
Executive Deputy Commissioner

National Institutional Reimbursement Team
Attention: Mark Cooley
CMS, CMCS
7500 Security Boulevard, M/S S3-14-28
Baltimore, MD 21244-1850

JUN 2 2 2015

RE: SPA #15-0024
Long Term Care Facility Services

Dear Mr. Cooley:

The State requests approval of the enclosed amendment #15-0024 to the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for long term care facility services to be effective April 1, 2015 (Appendix I). This amendment is being submitted based on enacted legislation. A summary of the proposed amendment is provided in Appendix II.

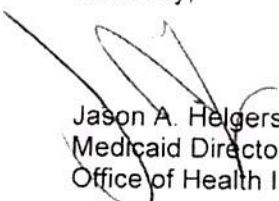
This amendment is submitted pursuant to §1902(a) of the Social Security Act (42 USC 1396a(a)) and Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 447, Subpart C, (42 CFR §447).

In accordance with 42 CFR §447.272, New York assures that the aggregate Medicaid payments for inpatient services provided by nursing facilities for each prescribed category of providers does not exceed the upper payment limit for the particular category of providers.

A copy of the pertinent section of proposed State statute is enclosed for your information (Appendix III). Copies of the public notice of this proposed amendment, which was given in the New York State Register on March 25, 2015, is also enclosed for your information (Appendix IV). In addition responses to the five standard funding questions are also enclosed (Appendix V).

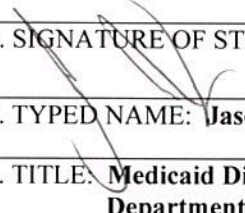
If you have any questions regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact John E. Ulberg, Jr., Medicaid Chief Financial Officer, Division of Finance and Rate Setting at (518) 474-6350.

Sincerely,


Jason A. Helgerson
Medicaid Director
Office of Health Insurance Programs

Enclosures

cc: Mr. Michael Melendez
Mr. Tom Brady

TRANSMITTAL AND NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF STATE PLAN MATERIAL FOR: HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION		1. TRANSMITTAL NUMBER: 15-0024	2. STATE New York
		3. PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION: TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT (MEDICAID)	
TO: REGIONAL ADMINISTRATOR HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES		4. PROPOSED EFFECTIVE DATE April 1, 2015	
5. TYPE OF PLAN MATERIAL (<i>Check One</i>): <input type="checkbox"/> NEW STATE PLAN <input type="checkbox"/> AMENDMENT TO BE CONSIDERED AS NEW PLAN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AMENDMENT COMPLETE BLOCKS 6 THRU 10 IF THIS IS AN AMENDMENT (<i>Separate Transmittal for each amendment</i>)			
6. FEDERAL STATUTE/REGULATION CITATION: § 1902 (a) of the Social Security Act and 42 CFR 447		7. FEDERAL BUDGET IMPACT: (in thousands) a. FFY 04/01/15-09/30/15 \$ 125,000.00 b. FFY 10/01/15-0930/16 \$ 125,000.00	
8. PAGE NUMBER OF THE PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT: Attachment 4.19-D: Page 47(x)(2)(b)		9. PAGE NUMBER OF THE SUPERSEDED PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT (<i>If Applicable</i>): Attachment 4.19-D: Page 47(x)(2)(b)	
10. SUBJECT OF AMENDMENT: 2015 Nursing Home UPL (FMAP = 50%)			
11. GOVERNOR'S REVIEW (<i>Check One</i>): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GOVERNOR'S OFFICE REPORTED NO COMMENT <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER, AS SPECIFIED: <input type="checkbox"/> COMMENTS OF GOVERNOR'S OFFICE ENCLOSED <input type="checkbox"/> NO REPLY RECEIVED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF SUBMITTAL			
12. SIGNATURE OF STATE AGENCY OFFICIAL: 		16. RETURN TO: New York State Department of Health Division of Finance and Rate Setting 99 Washington Ave – One Commerce Plaza Suite 1460 Albany, NY 12210	
13. TYPED NAME: Jason A. Helgerson			
14. TITLE: Medicaid Director Department of Health			
15. DATE SUBMITTED: JUN 22 2015			
FOR REGIONAL OFFICE USE ONLY			
17. DATE RECEIVED:		18. DATE APPROVED:	
PLAN APPROVED – ONE COPY ATTACHED			
19. EFFECTIVE DATE OF APPROVED MATERIAL:		20. SIGNATURE OF REGIONAL OFFICIAL:	
21. TYPED NAME:		22. TITLE:	
23. REMARKS:			

Appendix I
2015 Title XIX State Plan
Second Quarter Amendment
Amended SPA Pages

**New York
47(x)(2)(b)**

For the period April 1, 1997 through March 31, 1999, proportionate share payments in an annual aggregate amount of \$631.1 million [shall] will be made under the medical assistance program to non-state public operated residential health care facilities, excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county. For the period April 1, 1999 through March 31, 2000, proportionate share payments in an annual aggregate amount of \$982 million [shall] will be made under the medical assistance program to non-state operated public residential health care facilities, excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county. For annual state fiscal year periods commencing April 1, 2000 and ending March 31, 2005, and April 1, 2005, through March 31, 2009, proportionate share payments in an annual aggregate amount of up to \$991.5 million and \$150.0 million, respectively, for state fiscal year April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2010, \$167 million, and for state fiscals years commencing April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2011, \$189 million in an annual aggregate amount , and for the period April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2012 an aggregate amount of \$172.5 million and for state fiscal years commencing April 1, 2012 through March 31, 2013, an aggregate amount of \$293,147,494, and for the period April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014, \$246,522,355, and for the period April 1, 2014 through March 31, 2015, \$500 million, and for the period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016, \$500 million in an annual aggregate amount [shall] will be made under the medical assistance program to non-state operated public residential health care facilities, including public residential health care facilities located in the counties of Erie, Nassau and Westchester, but excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county.

The amount allocated to each eligible public residential health care facility for the period April 1, 1997 through March 31, 1998 [shall] will be calculated as the result of \$631.1 million multiplied by the ratio of their 1995 Medicaid days relative to the sum of 1995 Medicaid days for all eligible public residential health care facilities. The amount allocated to each eligible public residential health care facility for the period April 1, 1998 through March 31, 1999 [shall] will be calculated as the result of \$631.1 million multiplied by the ratio of their 1996 Medicaid days relative to the sum of 1996 Medicaid days for all eligible public residential health care facilities. The amount allocated to each public residential health care facility for the period April 1, 1999 through March 31, 2000 [shall] will be calculated as the result of \$982 million multiplied by the ratio of their 1997 Medicaid days relative to the sum of 1997 Medicaid days for all eligible public residential health care facilities. The amount allocated to each public residential health care facility for annual state fiscal year periods commencing April 1, 2000 and ending March 31, 2005, and for annual state fiscal year periods commencing April 1, 2005 through March 31, 2009, and for state fiscal years commencing April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2011; April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2012; April 1, 2012 through March 31, 2013; [and] April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014; and April 1, 2014 through March 31, 2015; and April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016, [shall] will be calculated as the result of the respective annual aggregate amount multiplied by the ratio of their Medicaid days relative to the sum of Medicaid days for all eligible public residential health care facilities for the calendar year period two years prior provided, however, that an additional amount of \$26,531,995 for the April 1, 2013 through March 2014 period [shall] will be distributed to those public residential health care facilities in the list which follows.

TN #15-0024 _____

Approval Date _____

Supersedes TN #14-0003 _____

Effective Date _____

Appendix II
2015 Title XIX State Plan
Second Quarter Amendment
Summary

SUMMARY
SPA #15-0024

This State Plan Amendment proposes to make additional payments to non-state government operated nursing homes, including government nursing homes located in the counties of Erie, Nassau, and Westchester, but excluding government nursing homes operated by a town or city within a county in aggregate amounts of \$500 million for state fiscal year April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016.

Appendix III
2015 Title XIX State Plan
Second Quarter Amendment
Authorizing Provisions

CHAPTER 60 OF THE LAWS OF 2014 - PART C

§ 66. Paragraph (e-1) of subdivision 12 of section 2808 of the public health law, as amended by section 63 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws 25 of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

(e-1) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law or regulation, the commissioner shall provide, in addition to payments established pursuant to this article prior to application of this section, additional payments under the medical assistance program pursuant to title eleven of article five of the social services law for non-state operated public residential health care facilities, including public residential health care facilities located in the county of Nassau, the county of Westchester and the county of Erie, but excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county, in aggregate annual amounts of up to one hundred fifty million dollars in additional payments for the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand six and for the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand seven and for the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand eight and of up to three hundred million dollars in such aggregate annual additional payments for the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand nine, and for the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand ten and for the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand eleven, and for the state fiscal years beginning April first, two thousand twelve and April first, two thousand thirteen, and of up to five hundred million dollars in such aggregate annual additional payments for the state fiscal years beginning April first, two thousand fourteen, April first, two thousand fifteen and April first, two thousand sixteen. The amount allocated to each eligible public residential health care facility for this period shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (f) of this subdivision, provided, however, that patient days shall be utilized for such computation reflecting actual reported data for two thousand three and each representative succeeding year as applicable, and provided further, however, that, in consultation with impacted providers, of the funds allocated for distribution in the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand thirteen, up to thirty-two million dollars maybe allocated in accordance with paragraph (f-1) of this subdivision.

**Appendix IV
2015 Title XIX State Plan
Second Quarter Amendment
Public Notice**

expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2015/2016 is \$21.4 million.

- Continues, effective April 1, 2015, and thereafter, the provision that rates of payment for RHCFS shall not reflect trend factor projections or adjustments for the period April 1, 1996 through March 31, 1997.

- Extends current provisions to services on and after April 1, 2015, the reimbursable operating cost component for RHCFS rates will be established with the final 2006 trend factor equal to the final Consumer Price Index (CPI) for all urban consumers less 0.25%.

- Continues, effective April 1, 2015, and thereafter, long-term care Medicare maximization initiatives.

The estimated annual net decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these cost containment initiatives contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2015/2016 is \$117 million.

- Continues, effective for periods on and after April 1, 2015, the total reimbursable state assessment on each residential health care facility's gross receipts received from all patient care services and other operating income on a cash basis for inpatient or health-related services, including adult day service, but excluding gross receipts attributable to payments received pursuant to Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (Medicare), at six percent. The extent to which a facility is reimbursed for the additional cost of the assessment is dependent upon Medicaid volume of services.

The estimated annual net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2015/2016 is \$420 million.

- For state fiscal years beginning April 1, 2015, continues additional payments to non-state government operated public residential health care facilities, including public residential health care facilities located in Nassau, Westchester, and Erie counties, but excluding public residential health care facilities operated by a town or city within a county, in aggregate amounts of up to \$500 million. The amount allocated to each eligible public RHCFS will be in accordance with the previously approved methodology, provided, however that patient days shall be utilized for such computation reflecting actual reported data for 2013 and each representative succeeding year as applicable. Payments to eligible RHCFS may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

- Effective with the 2013 rate year, the Department of Health provided a new incentive to improve quality for non-specialty nursing homes by linking incentive payments to quality. Under the program, nursing homes are scored and compared on a define set of quality measures. This amendment will maintain the quality incentive program into the 2015 rate year and will continue to recognize improvement in performance as an element in the program and provide for other minor modifications.

Non-Institutional Services

- For state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016, continues hospital outpatient payment adjustments that increase the operating cost components of rates of payment for hospital outpatient and emergency departments on and after April 1, 2011, for public general hospitals other than those operated by the State of New York or the State University of New York, which are located in a city with a population of over one million. The amount to be paid will be up to \$287 million annually based on criteria and methodology set by the Commissioner of Health, which the Commissioner may periodically set through a memorandum of understanding with the New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation. Such adjustments shall be paid by means of one or more estimated payments, which shall be reconciled to the final adjustment determinations after the disproportionate share hospital payment adjustment caps have been calculated for such period under sections 1923(f) and (g) of the federal Social Security Act. Payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments.

- Extends current provisions to services on and after April 1, 2013, the reimbursable operating cost component for general hospital outpatient rates and adult day health care services provided by RHCFS rates will be established with the final 2006 trend factor equal to the final consumer price index (CPI) for all urban consumers less 0.25%.

- Extends current provisions for certified home health agency administrative and general cost reimbursement limits for the periods April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2018.

- Continues, effective April 1, 2015, and thereafter, home health care Medicare maximization initiatives.

The estimated annual net decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to these cost containment initiatives contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2015/2016 is \$17.8 million.

- Effective April 1, 2015, in accordance with 42 CFR 447.56, "Limitations on Premiums and Cost Sharing", which requires that State Medicaid fee-for-service (FFS) co-payment policies have to be applied consistently across all Medicaid payers including managed care. The State Plan is being amended to expand Medicaid co-payment requirements to eligible Medicaid managed care (MMC) beneficiaries for eligible procedures, services and supplies. Specifically, the non-pharmacy services in which Medicaid managed care co-payments will apply include: clinic and non-urgent Emergency Department visits (\$3.00), lab tests (\$0.50), radiology (\$1.00), medical supplies (\$1.00), and inpatient hospitalizations (\$25.00). Consistent with the current co-payment policy, children under age 21; pregnant women; American Indians; and recipients with incomes at or below 100% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) will not be subject to co-payments. Additionally, the \$200 Medicaid cap that limits the total co-payment amount a recipient can be charged on annual basis will apply to both FFS and managed care. Pharmacy co-payments currently apply to managed care recipients for new prescriptions, fiscal orders and refills.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2015/2016 is \$1.9 million.

- Effective April 1, 2015, in accordance with an amendment to Section 367-a(1)(d)(iii) of the Social Services Law, cost-sharing limits will be applied to Medicare Part B cross-over services. Such limits are being applied to prevent the Medicaid program from paying any cost-sharing amount more than the maximum amount that Medicaid would pay for the same service.

Currently, Medicare Part B, which provides medical insurance for professional practitioners' services, reimburses the provider 80% of the Medicare approved amount. The remaining 20% is the Medicare Part B coinsurance or patient responsibility amount. The Medicaid program then reimburses the provider 20% of the coinsurance amount even if the Medicare payment exceeds what the Medicaid program would have paid for the same service. Under the new limitations, the Medicaid program would not pay any cost sharing if the provider received payment greater than the Medicaid fee. Under the new limitations, the Medicaid program would not pay any cost sharing if the provider received payment greater than the Medicaid fee. The provider would be required to accept the Medicare payment as full payment for the service and the recipient could not be billed for any co-insurance amount that is not reimbursed by Medicaid.

The estimated annual net aggregate decrease in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2015/2016 is \$49.7 million.

- Effective April 1, 2015, in accordance with an amendment to Section 367-a(1)(d)(iv) of the Social Services Law, cost-sharing limits will be applied to Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage or Medicare managed care) claims. Such limits are being applied to prevent the Medicaid program from paying any cost-sharing amount more than the maximum amount that Medicaid would pay for the same service.

Currently, the Medicaid program pays the full co-payment or co-insurance amounts for Medicare Part C claims, even when the provider has received more than the amount the Medicaid program would have paid for that service. Under the new limitations, the Medicaid program would not pay any co-payment/co-insurance amount if the provider received payment greater than the Medicaid amount. The provider would be required to accept the Medicare Part C health plan payment as full payment for the service and the recipient could not be billed for any co-payment/co-insurance amount that was not reimbursed by Medicaid.

In FFS Medicaid, the state reduces the payment it makes to a provider by the amount of a beneficiary's cost sharing obligation.

Appendix V
2015 Title XIX State Plan
Second Quarter Amendment
Responses to Standard Funding Questions

LONG TERM CARE SERVICES
State Plan Amendment #15-0024

CMS Standard Funding Questions (NIRT Standard Funding Questions)

The following questions are being asked and should be answered in relation to all payments made to all providers under Attachment 4.19-D of your state plan.

- 1. Section 1903(a)(1) provides that Federal matching funds are only available for expenditures made by States for services under the approved State plan. Do providers receive and retain the total Medicaid expenditures claimed by the State (includes normal per diem, supplemental, enhanced payments, other) or is any portion of the payments returned to the State, local governmental entity, or any other intermediary organization? If providers are required to return any portion of payments, please provide a full description of the repayment process. Include in your response a full description of the methodology for the return of any of the amount or percentage of payments that are returned and the disposition and use of the funds once they are returned to the State (i.e., general fund, medical services account, etc.)**

Response: Providers do retain the payments made pursuant to this amendment. However, this requirement in no way prohibits the public provider, including county providers, from reimbursing the sponsoring local government for appropriate expenses incurred by the local government on behalf of the public provider. The State does not regulate the financial relationships that exist between public health care providers and their sponsoring governments, which are extremely varied and complex. Local governments may provide direct and/or indirect monetary subsidies to their public providers to cover on-going unreimbursed operational expenses and assure achievement of their mission as primary safety net providers. Examples of appropriate expenses may include payments to the local government which include reimbursement for debt service paid on a provider's behalf, reimbursement for Medicare Part B premiums paid for a provider's retirees, reimbursement for contractually required health benefit fund payments made on a provider's behalf, and payment for overhead expenses as allocated per federal Office of Management and Budget Circular A-87 regarding Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments. The existence of such transfers should in no way negate the legitimacy of these facilities' Medicaid payments or result in reduced Medicaid federal financial participation for the State. This position was further supported by CMS in review and approval of SPA 07-07C when an on-site audit of these transactions for New York City's Health and Hospitals Corporation was completed with satisfactory results.

- 2. Section 1902(a)(2) provides that the lack of adequate funds from local sources will not result in lowering the amount, duration, scope, or quality of care and services available under the plan. Please describe how the**

state share of each type of Medicaid payment (normal per diem, supplemental, enhanced, other) is funded. Please describe whether the state share is from appropriations from the legislature to the Medicaid agency, through intergovernmental transfer agreements (IGTs), certified public expenditures (CPEs), provider taxes, or any other mechanism used by the state to provide state share. Note that, if the appropriation is not to the Medicaid agency, the source of the state share would necessarily be derived through either an IGT or CPE. In this case, please identify the agency to which the funds are appropriated. Please provide an estimate of total expenditure and State share amounts for each type of Medicaid payment. If any of the non-federal share is being provided using IGTs or CPEs, please fully describe the matching arrangement including when the state agency receives the transferred amounts from the local government entity transferring the funds. If CPEs are used, please describe the methodology used by the state to verify that the total expenditures being certified are eligible for Federal matching funds in accordance with 42 CFR 433.51(b). For any payment funded by CPEs or IGTs, please provide the following:

- (i) a complete list of the names of entities transferring or certifying funds;
- (ii) the operational nature of the entity (state, county, city, other);
- (iii) the total amounts transferred or certified by each entity;
- (iv) clarify whether the certifying or transferring entity has general taxing authority; and,
- (v) whether the certifying or transferring entity received appropriations (identify level of appropriations).

Response: Payments made to service providers under the provisions of this SPA are funded with federal and local funding through an Intergovernmental Transfer (IGT). For these payments, the non-Federal share totals of up to \$250 million and is transferred from the sponsoring local county governments, who do have general taxing authority. There are no State appropriations for these governments for this purpose.

Regarding your question on the matching arrangement when the state receives the transferred amounts from the local government entity, please refer to the October 23, 2006 letter from Nicholas Meister, previously provided to CMS, whereby instructions are provided to local government entities when transferring funds for this purpose.

3. **Section 1902(a)(30) requires that payments for services be consistent with efficiency, economy, and quality of care. Section 1903(a)(1) provides for Federal financial participation to States for expenditures for services under an approved State plan. If supplemental or enhanced payments are made, please provide the total amount for each type of supplemental or enhanced payment made to each provider type.**

Response: For the period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016 supplemental payments authorized in this attachment will be paid to providers of services in an amount totaling \$500 million. These payments will be made to the non-state owned or operated provider category.

4. **Please provide a detailed description of the methodology used by the state to estimate the upper payment limit (UPL) for each class of providers (State owned or operated, non-state government owned or operated, and privately owned or operated). Please provide a current (i.e. applicable to the current rate year) UPL demonstration. Under regulations at 42 CFR 4447.272, States are prohibited from setting payment rates for Medicaid inpatient services that exceed a reasonable estimate of the amount that would be paid under Medicare payment principals.**

Response: The State and CMS are having ongoing discussions regarding the 2014 NH UPL demonstration upon which the 2015 NH UPL demonstration is contingent on.

5. **Does any governmental provider receive payments that in the aggregate (normal per diem, supplemental, enhanced, other) exceed their reasonable costs of providing services? If payments exceed the cost of services, do you recoup the excess and return the Federal share of the excess to CMS on the quarterly expenditure report?**

Response: Effective January 1, 2012, the rate methodology included in the approved State Plan for non-specialty nursing facility services for the operating component of the rate is a blended statewide/peer group price adjusted for case mix and wage differentials (WEF). Specialty nursing facility and units are paid the operating rate in effect on January 1, 2009. The capital component of the rate for all specialty and non-specialty facilities is based upon a cost based methodology. We are unaware of any requirement under current federal law or regulation that limits individual provider payments to their actual costs.

ACA Assurances:

1. **Maintenance of Effort (MOE). Under section 1902(gg) of the Social Security Act (the Act), as amended by the Affordable Care Act, as a condition of receiving any Federal payments under the Medicaid program during the MOE period indicated below, the State shall not have in effect any eligibility standards, methodologies, or procedures in its Medicaid program which are more restrictive than such eligibility provisions as in effect in its Medicaid program on March 10, 2010.**

MOE Period.

- **Begins on: March 10, 2010, and**
- **Ends on: The date the Secretary of the Federal Department of Health and Human Services determines an Exchange established by a State**

under the provisions of section 1311 of the Affordable Care Act is fully operational.

Response: This SPA complies with the conditions of the MOE provision of section 1902(gg) of the Act for continued funding under the Medicaid program.

- 2. Section 1905(y) and (z) of the Act provides for increased FMAPs for expenditures made on or after January 1, 2014 for individuals determined eligible under section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Act. Under section 1905(cc) of the Act, the increased FMAP under sections 1905(y) and (z) would not be available for States that require local political subdivisions to contribute amounts toward the non-Federal share of the State's expenditures at a greater percentage than would have been required on December 31, 2009.**

Prior to January 1, 2014 States may potentially require contributions by local political subdivisions toward the non-Federal share of the States' expenditures at percentages greater than were required on December 31, 2009. However, because of the provisions of section 1905(cc) of the Act, it is important to determine and document/flag any SPAs/State plans which have such greater percentages prior to the January 1, 2014 date in order to anticipate potential violations and/or appropriate corrective actions by the States and the Federal government.

Response: This SPA would [] / would not [✓] violate these provisions, if they remained in effect on or after January 1, 2015.

- 3. Please indicate whether the State is currently in conformance with the requirements of section 1902(a) (37) of the Act regarding prompt payment of claims.**

Response: This State does comply with the requirements of section 1902(a) (37) of the Act regarding prompt payment of claims.

Tribal Assurance:

Section 1902(a)(73) of the Social Security Act the Act requires a State in which one or more Indian Health Programs or Urban Indian Organizations furnish health care services to establish a process for the State Medicaid agency to seek advice on a regular ongoing basis from designees of Indian health programs whether operated by the Indian Health Service HIS Tribes or Tribal organizations under the Indian Self Determination and Education Assistance Act ISDEAA or Urban Indian Organizations under the Indian Health Care Improvement Act.

IHCIA Section 2107(e)(I) of the Act was also amended to apply these requirements to the Children's Health Insurance Program CHIP.

Consultation is required concerning Medicaid and CHIP matters having a direct impact on Indian health programs and Urban Indian organizations.

- a) Please describe the process the State uses to seek advice on a regular ongoing basis from federally recognized tribes Indian Health Programs and Urban Indian Organizations on matters related to Medicaid and CHIP programs and for consultation on State Plan Amendments waiver proposals waiver extensions waiver amendments waiver renewals and proposals for demonstration projects prior to submission to CMS.**
- b) Please include information about the frequency inclusiveness and process for seeking such advice.**
- c) Please describe the consultation process that occurred specifically for the development and submission of this State Plan Amendment when it occurred and who was involved.**

Response: Tribal consultation was performed in accordance with the State's tribal consultation policy as approved in SPA 11-06, and documentation of such is included with this submission. To date, no feedback has been received from any tribal representative in response to the proposed change in this SPA.